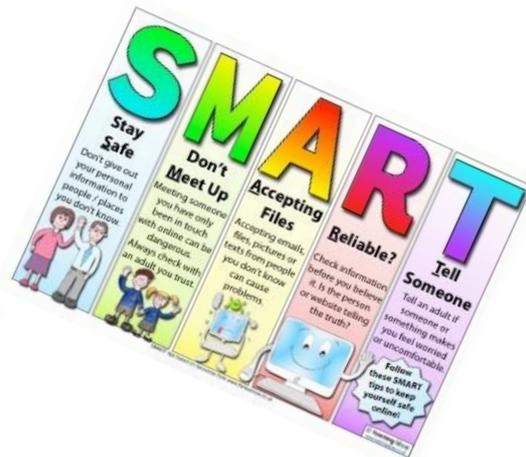
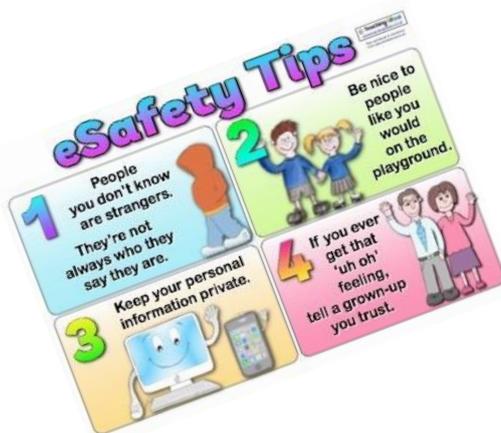


Staying Safe Online: Mr Wilson's Top 10 Tips!

- 1) Don't post any personal information online - like your address, email address or mobile number.
- 2) Think carefully before posting pictures or videos of yourself. Once you've put a picture of yourself online most people can see it and may be able to download it, it's not just yours anymore.
- 3) Keep your privacy settings as high as possible especially when using social media sites.
- 4) Never give out your passwords, including your best friend. The only people who should know your password are your parents or guardian.
- 5) Don't befriend people you don't know.
- 6) Don't meet up with people you've met online. Speak to your parent or carer immediately if anyone suggests you do.
- 7) Remember that not everyone online is who they say they are.
- 8) Think carefully about what you say before you post something online.
- 9) Respect other people's views, even if you don't agree with someone else's views doesn't mean you need to be rude.
- 10) If you see something online that makes you feel uncomfortable, unsafe or worried: leave the website, turn off your computer if you want to and tell a trusted adult immediately.



E-safety Competition

Internet Safety day is a very important event in the Struthers Calendar. We feel it is essential to update our pupils on how to keep safe online and when using ICT equipment.

Primary 5 are asking all pupils to design an e-safety poster that we can display around the school to remind everyone of the importance of e-safety. This can be completed as part of your homework or in your free time out of school.

The winner will be selected by Primary 5 and will be given a certificate at assembly. Their poster displayed around the school and on GLOW.

Make your poster have a clear message about e-safety and try and make it bright and colourful to catch the eye of everyone in the school.

Good luck and always remember to be e-safe!

Children's Rights:

Article 16

Every child has the right to privacy. The law should protect the child's private, family and home life.

Article 17

Every child has the right to reliable information from the media. This should be information that children can understand. Governments must help protect children from materials that could harm them.

Article 34

Governments must protect children from sexual abuse and exploitation.